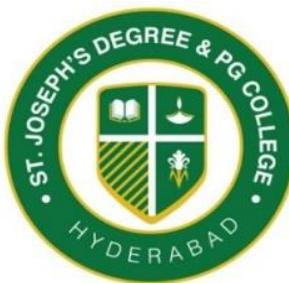


Department of Computer Science



St. Joseph's Degree & P.G College

(Autonomous), Affiliated to Osmania University

Re-accredited by NAAC with A Grade with CGPA 3.49

A Catholic Christian Minority Institution

King Koti Road, Hyderabad.

Lab Manual

Program : B.Sc [MPCs/MSCs/MECs] I Year Semester I

Course : OOP's Using C++

Course code : BS.05.203.11P

B.Sc (MPCs/MECs/MSCs)

I Year / I Semester

THEORY PAPER – I

Object Oriented Programming Using C++ (w.e.f 2019-20)

Scheme of Instruction	Scheme of Examination
Total durations Hrs : 60	Max. Marks : 100
Hours/Week : 06 (4T+2P)	Internal Examination :30
Credits : 5	SBT : 10
Instruction Mode: Lecture + Practical	External Examination:60
Course Code : BS.05.201.13.T	Exam Duration : 3 Hrs
Course Objectives:	
To impart students with knowledge on basics of programming and Object Oriented Programming concepts.	
Course Outcomes:	
At the end of the course the student will be able to	
CO 1: Understand the basics of programming and develop simple programs in C++ using Controlstructures.	
CO2: Understand the concepts of Arrays, Pointers, Functionsand perform Modular Programming.	
CO 3: Acquire knowledge on Object Oriented Programming Concepts and design programs using Constructors, friend functions and templates.	
CO 4: Develop Software Applications using the concepts like Polymorphism, Inheritance and Exceptional Handling mechanisms.	

UNIT-1: Programming Concepts and C++Basics

Programming Concepts: Program, Structured Programming, Object Oriented Programming.

C++ Basics: Introduction to C++, Layout of C++ program, Data types, variables, constants, Keywords, Operators.

Control statements: Branching Statements: if, if-else, nested if, Break, continue and switch statement. Looping Statements: While, Do-while and for Statement.

UNIT-2: Arrays, Pointers and Functions.

Arrays: Introduction, One-dimensional Arrays-Declaration, Initialization, Two-dimensional Arrays-Declaration, Initialization.

Pointers: Introduction, Uses of pointer, Declaring Pointer Variables, Initialization of Pointer Variables, Accessing a Variable through its Pointer.

Functions: Introduction, definition of function, Built-in functions, User defined functions: Elements of Functions, Parameter Passing and Recursive Functions.

UNIT-3: Objects, Classes and Templates.

Object & Classes: Features of Object Oriented Programming, Class specification, Access Specifiers, Defining Member Functions, Objects Declaration, Accessing Data Members and Member Functions, Constructors, Destructor, Friend Functions.

Templates: Function Templates, Class Templates

UNIT-4: Inheritance,Polymorphism and Exception Handling

Inheritance: Introduction to inheritance, Base Class, Derived class, Types of Inheritance,

Polymorphism: Function Overloading, Function Overriding, Virtual Functions,

Operator Overloading.

Exception Handling: Introduction, Exception Handling Mechanism, Handling Multiple Exceptions.

Text Book:

Mastering C++ by R Venugopal, Rajkumar& T Ravishankar, Tata McGrawHill

References:

1. Tony Gaddis, Starting out with C++: from control structures through objects (7e)

2. B. Stroustrup, The C++ Programming Language, Addison Wesley, 2004.
3. Problem Solving with C++ by Walter Savitch, Addison Wesley

B.Sc. (MSCs/MPCs/MECs)
I Year / I Semester
PRACTICAL PAPER - I
Object Oriented Programming using C++

Subject Code: BS.05.201.11.P

Course Objectives:

To impart the aspirants about the basics of programming concepts, OOPs concepts and OOD concepts.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students should have

- Gained the practical knowledge on basics and implementation of C++ programming concepts.
- Students can gain knowledge in demonstrating different functions.

St. Joseph's Degree & PG College
Department of Computer Science
OOPs Using C++ Semester- I Lab Manual

<u>S no</u>	<u>Name of the programs</u>
1	Write a c++ program to check whether given number is Palindrome or not.
2	Write a c++ Program to implement Matrices multiplication
3	Write a c++ program to implement Functions
4	Write a c++ program to implement Bank account Class
5	Write a c++ program to implement Student information Class
6	Write a c++ program to implement Constructors.
7	Write a c++ program to find Factorial of a given number using Recursion
8	Write a c++ program to implement Friend function
9	Write a c++ program to implement Function Templates
10	Write a c++ program to implement Multiple inheritance
11	Write a c++ program to implement Hierarchical inheritance
12	Write a c++ program to implement Function overloading
13	Write a c++ program to implement Exceptional handling
14	Write a c++ program to implement Class Templates.
15	Write a c++ program to implement Virtual Functions

1) Program of palindrome

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
    int n, num, digit ,rev=0;
    cout<<"Enter a number:";
    cin>>num;
    n=num;
    while(num>0)
    {
        digit=num%10;
        rev=(rev*10)+digit;
        num=num/10;
    }
    cout<<"The reverse of the number is:"<<rev<<endl;
    if(n==rev)
        cout<<"The number is a palindrome";
    else
    {
        cout<<"The number is not a palindrome";
    }
    getch();
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\c++\palindrome.exe
Enter a number:1331
The reverse of the number is:1331
The number is a palindrome
```

Output of palindrome program

2) Program on product of matrices

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[3][3], b[3][3], c[3][3], i, j, k;
    cout<<"Enter the matrix1 values"<<endl;
    for(i=0; i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0; j<3; j++)
        {
            cin>>a[i][j];
        }
    }
    cout<<"Enter the matrix2 values"<<endl;
```

```
for(i=0; i<3; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<3; j++)
    {
        cin>>b[i][j];
    }
}

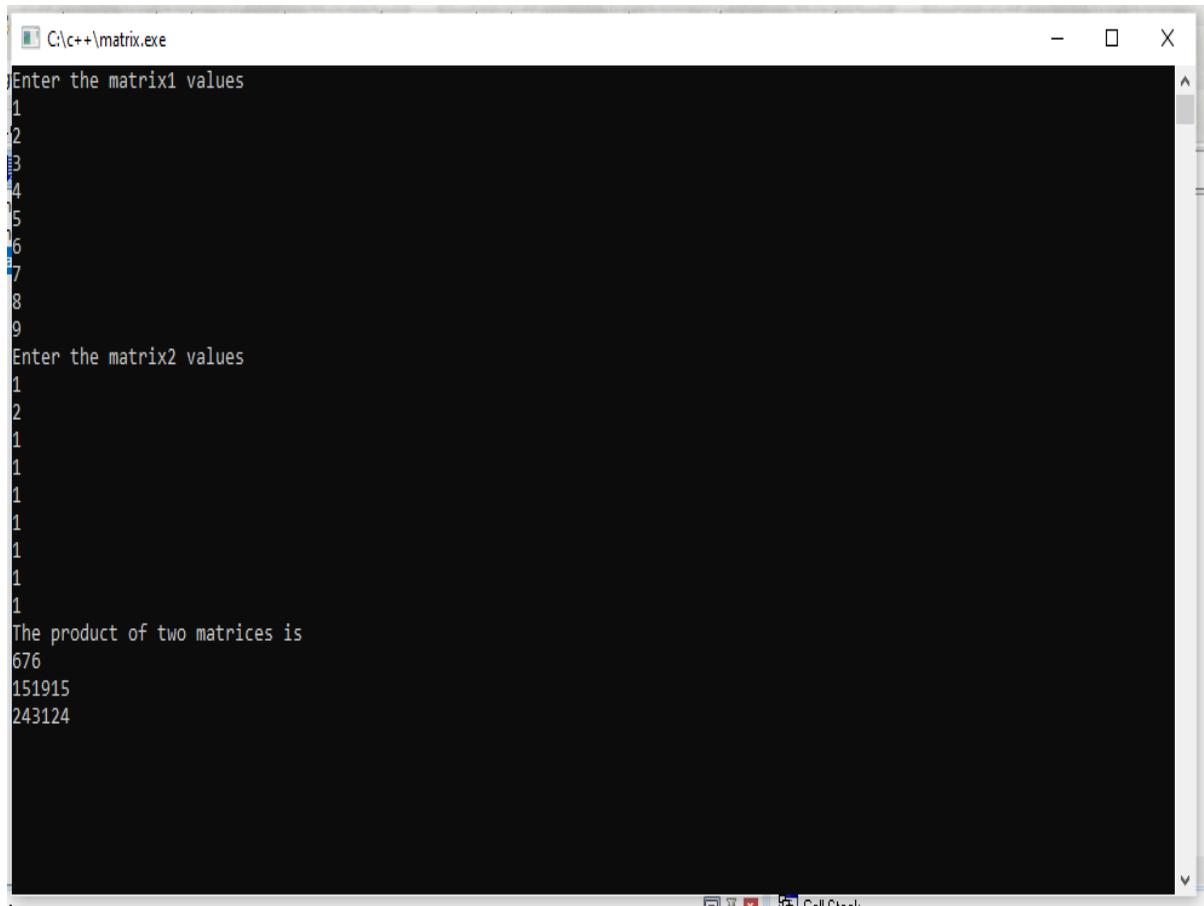
for(i=0; i<3; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<3; j++)
    {
        c[i][j]=0;
        for(k=0; k<3; k++)
        {
            c[i][j]=c[i][j]+a[i][k]*b[k][j];
        }
    }
}

cout<<"The product of two matrices is"<<endl;
for(i=0; i<3; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<3; j++)
    {
        cout<<c[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<endl;
}
```

```
getch();
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```



```
C:\c++\matrix.exe
Enter the matrix1 values
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Enter the matrix2 values
1
2
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
The product of two matrices is
676
151915
243124
```

Output of product matrix program

3) Program on functions

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void add(int a,int b);
void sub(int a,int b);
void mul(int a,int b);
void divide(int a,int b);
void modulo(int a,int b);
int main()
{
```

```
add(20, 10);
sub(50, 30);
mul(2, 5);
divide(50, 10);
modulo(25, 4);

}

void add(int a,int b)
{
    int c=a+b;
    cout<<"The sum is:"<<c<<endl;
}

void sub(int a,int b)
{
    int c=a-b;
    cout<<"The difference is:"<<c<<endl;
}

void mul(int a,int b)
{
    int c=a*b;
    cout<<"The product is:"<<c<<endl;
}

void divide(int a,int b)
{
    int c=a/b;
    cout<<"The division is:"<<c<<endl;
}

void modulo(int a,int b)
```

```
{  
    int c=a%b;  
    cout<<"The modulo is"<<c<<endl;  
    getch();  
}
```



Output of functions program

4) Program of bank account class

```
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
class BankAccount  
{  
    int acno;  
    float balance;  
    char actype[4];  
    public:  
        void store();
```

```
void deposit();

void withdraw();

void display();

};

void BankAccount :: store()

{

    cout<<"Enter account number:"<<endl;

    cin>>acno;

    cout<<"Enter the account type:CURR/SAVG/FD:"<<endl;

    cin>>actype;

    cout<<"Enter the current amount available:"<<endl;

    cin>>balance;

}

void BankAccount :: deposit()

{

    float more;

    cout<<"Enter the amount to deposit:";

    cin>>more;

    balance = balance + more;

}

void BankAccount :: withdraw()

{

    float amt;

    cout<<"Enter the amount to withdraw:"<<endl;

    cin>>amt;

    balance = balance - amt;

}
```

```
void BankAccount :: display()
{
    cout<<"Account Details:"<<endl;
    cout<<"Account Number:"<<acno<<endl;
    cout<<"Account Type:"<<actype<<endl;
    cout<<"Banalnce:$"<<balance;

}

int main()
{
    BankAccount b;
    b.store();
    b.deposit();
    b.withdraw();
    b.display();
    getch();
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\c++\bankacc.exe
Enter account number:
1554765764
Enter the account type:CURR/SAVG/FD:
CURR
Enter the current amount available:
99000000
Enter the amount to deposit:600000
Enter the amount to withdraw:
8000
Account Details:
Account Number:1554765764
Account Type:CURR
Banalnce:$9.9592e+07
```

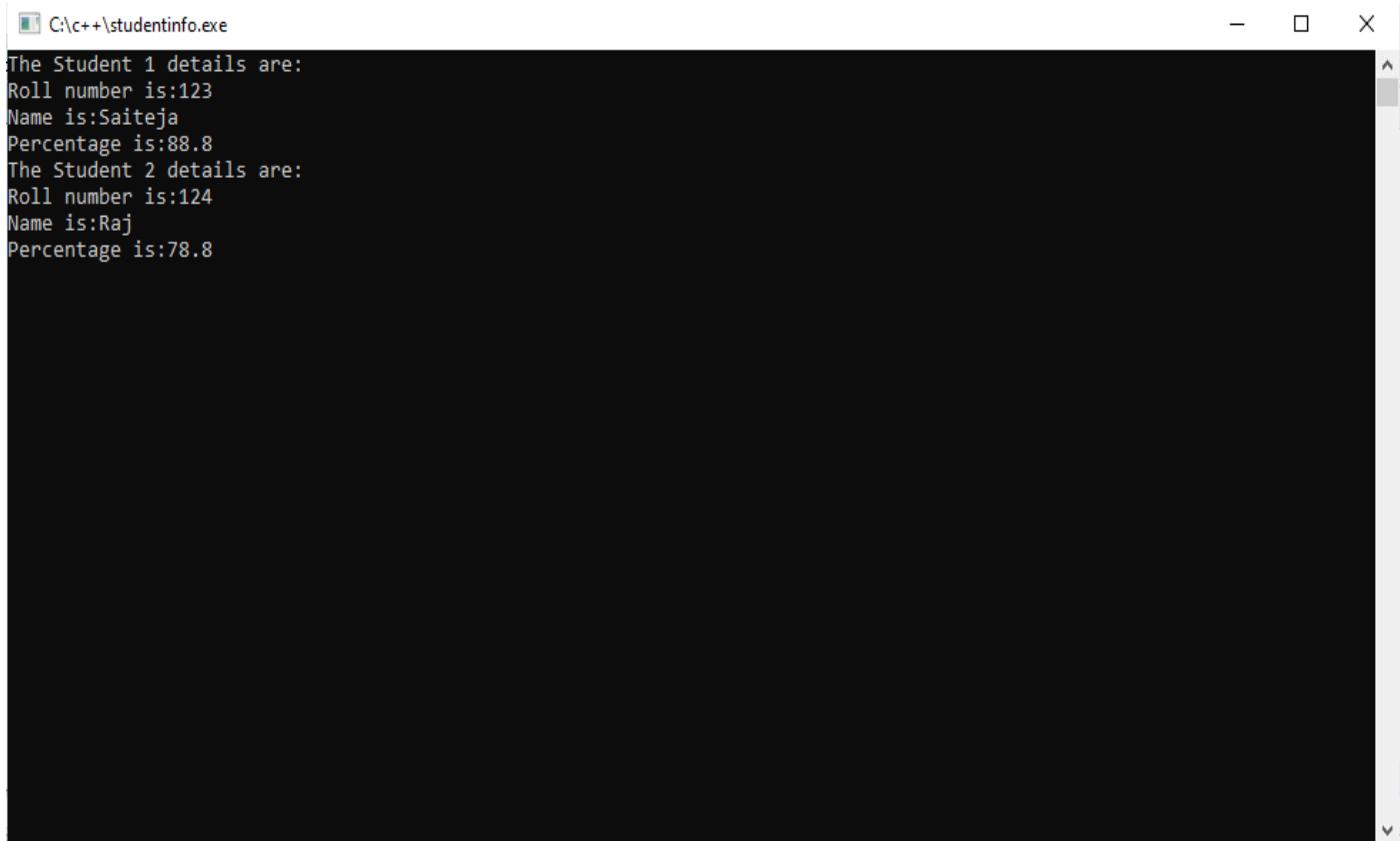
Program of bank account program

5) Program on student information

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Student
{
    int rno;
    float percentage;
    char *name;
public:
    void store(int a,float b,char *c)
    {
        rno = a;
        percentage = b;
        name = c;
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout<<"Roll number is:"<<rno<<endl;
        cout<<"Name is:"<<name<<endl;
        cout<<"Percentage is:"<<percentage<<endl;
    }
};

int main()
{
```

```
Student s1, s2;  
  
cout<<"The Student 1 details are:"<<endl;  
s1.store (123, 88.8, "Saiteja");  
s1.display();  
  
cout<<"The Student 2 details are:"<<endl;  
s2.store (124, 78.8, "Raj");  
s2.display();  
getch();  
return 0;  
}
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'C:\c++\studentinfo.exe'. The window displays the following text:
The Student 1 details are:
Roll number is:123
Name is:Saiteja
Percentage is:88.8
The Student 2 details are:
Roll number is:124
Name is:Raj
Percentage is:78.8

Output of student information program

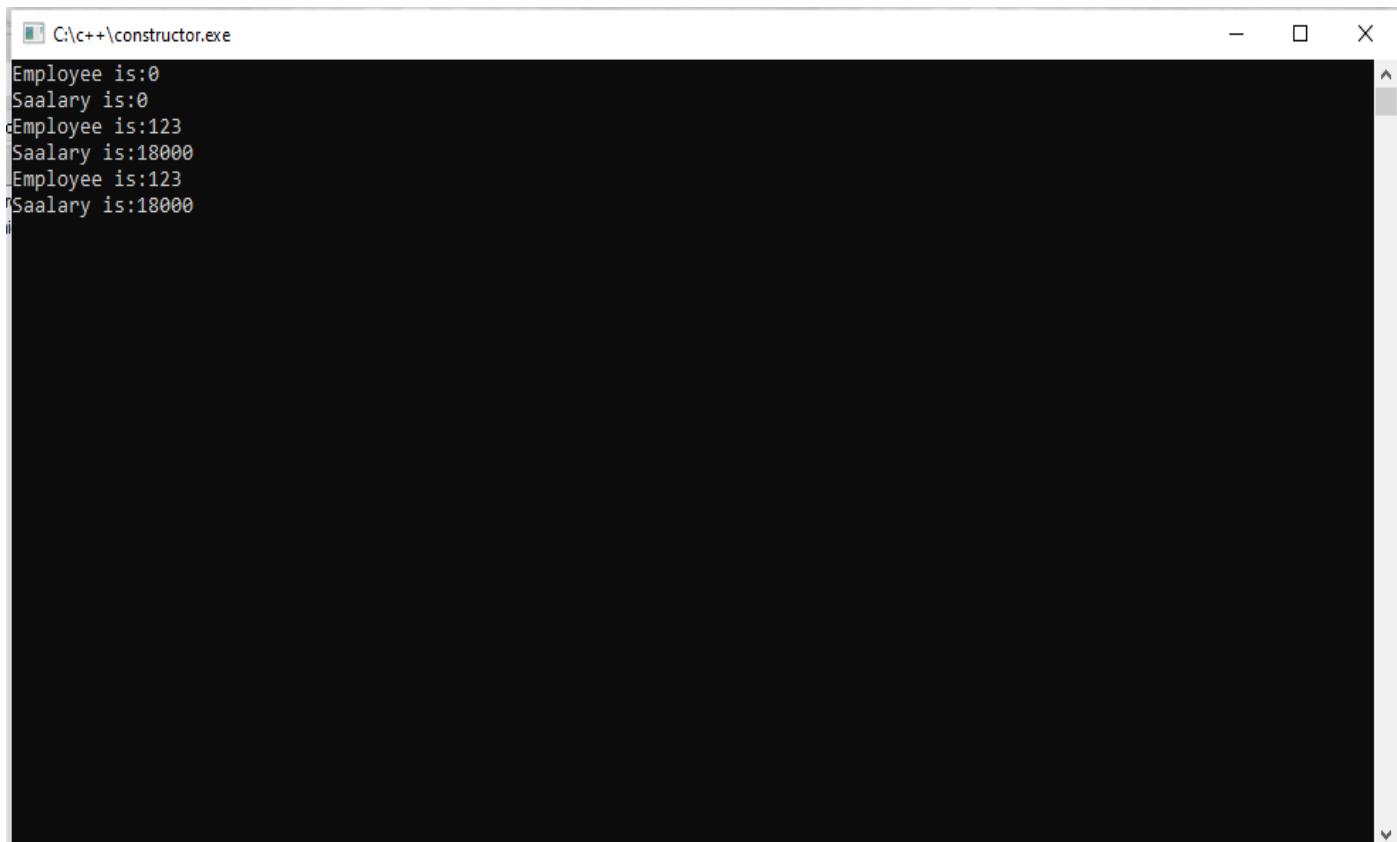
6) Program on constructors

```
#include<iostream.h>  
  
#include<conio.h>
```

```
class employee
{
    int eid;
    float salary;
public:
employee()
{
    eid = 0;
    salary = 0.0;
}
employee (int x,float y)
{
    eid = x;
    salary = y;
}
employee (employee &e)
{
    eid = e.eid;
    salary = e.salary;
}
void display()
{
    cout<<"Employee is:"<<eid<<endl;
    cout<<"Saalary is:"<<salary<<endl;
}
};

int main()
```

```
{\n    employee e1;\n    e1.display();\n\n    employee e2(123, 18000);\n    e2.display();\n\n    employee e3(e2);\n    e3.display();\n\n    getch();\n\n    return 0;\n}
```



```
C:\c++\constructor.exe\nEmployee is:0\nSaalary is:0\nEmployee is:123\nSaalary is:18000\nEmployee is:123\nSaalary is:18000
```

Output of constructor program

7) Program on factorial

```
#include<iostream.h>\n#include<conio.h>
```

```
int fact(int n);

int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter the number"<<endl;
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"The factorial of a given number is"<<fact(n)<<endl;
    getch();
    return 0;
}

int fact(int n)
{
    if (n==0||n==1)
        return 1;
    else
        return n* fact(n-1);
}
```



C:\c++\factorial.exe

Enter the number
6
The factorial of a given number is 720

Output of factorial program

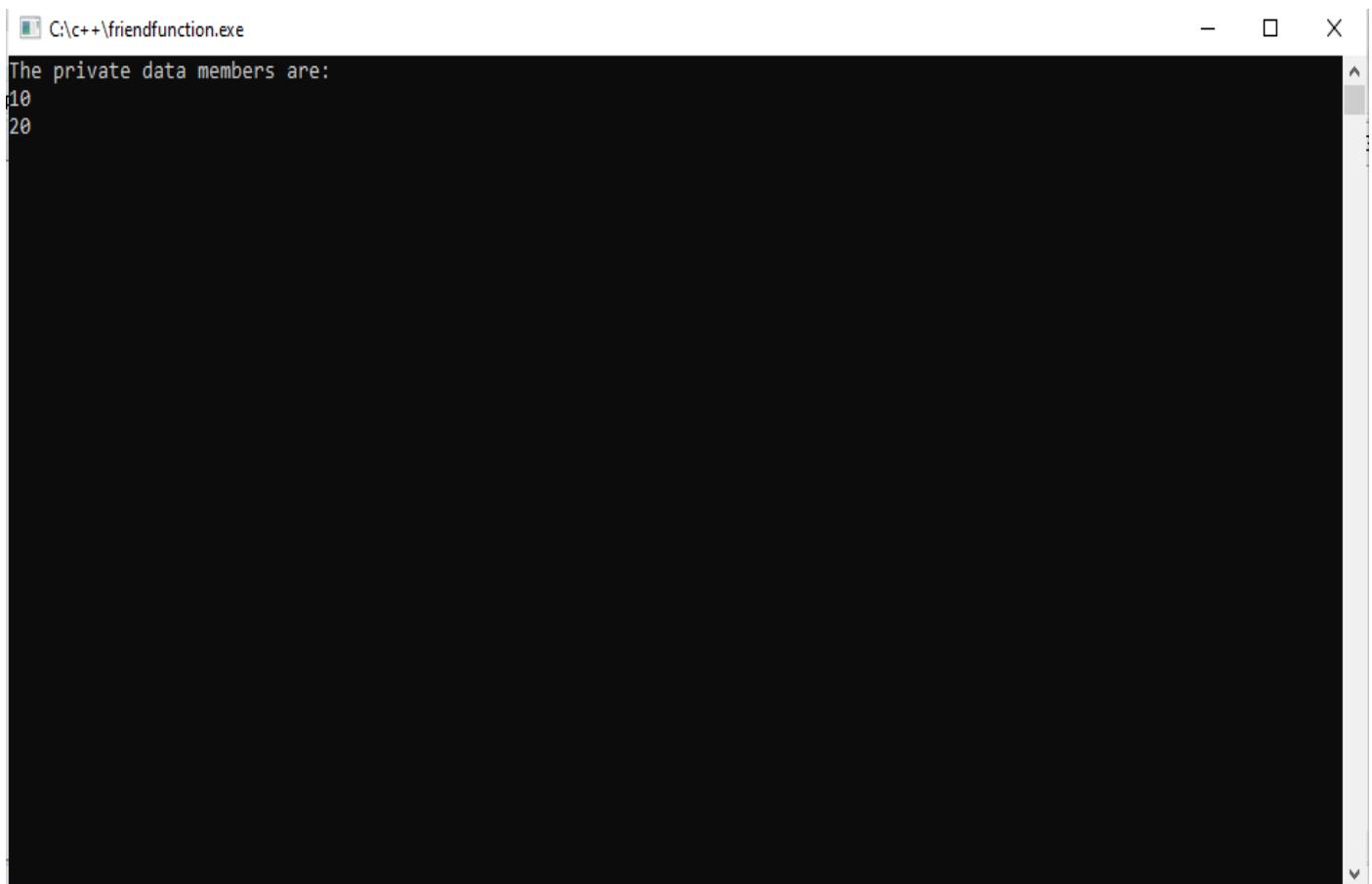
8) Program on friend function

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class Sample
{
    private:
        int a;
        int b;
    public:
        Sample()
        {
            a = 5;
            b = 15;
        }
        friend void function1(Sample S);
```

```
};

void function1(Sample S)
{
    cout<<"The private data members are:"<<endl;
    cout<<S.a<<endl;
    cout<<S.b<<endl;
}

int main()
{
    Sample S;
    function1(S);
    getch();
    return 0;
}
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "C:\c++\friendfunction.exe". The window displays the output of the program, which consists of the text "The private data members are:" followed by two lines of numbers: "10" and "20".

Output of friend function program

9) Program on Function template

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
template<class T>
T max(T a, T b)
{
    if (a>b)
        return a;
    else
        return b;
}
template<class F>
F min(F a, F b)
{
    if (a<b)
        return a;
    else
        return b;
}
int main()
{
    int a,b;
    cout<<"Enter a and b values:"<<endl;
    cin>>a>>b;
    cout<<"The maximum value is:"<<max(a,b)<<endl;
    cout<<"The minimum value is:"<<min(a,b)<<endl;
```

```
getch();  
return 0;  
}
```

```
C:\c++\template.exe  
Enter a and b values:  
1  
4  
The maximum value is:4  
The minimum value is:1
```

Output of template program

10) Program on multiple inheritances

```
#include<iostream.h>  
  
#include<conio.h>  
  
class Student  
{  
protected:  
    int rno, m1, m2;  
public:  
    void getdata()  
    {  
        cout<<"Enter the roll no:";  
        cin>>rno;  
        cout<<"Enter the two subjects marks:";
```

```
    cin>>m1>>m2;  
}  
};  
class sports  
{  
protected:  
    int sm;  
public:  
    void getsm()  
{  
        cout<<"\nEnter the sports mark:";  
        cin>>sm;  
    }  
};  
class statement: public Student, public sports  
{  
    int tot,avg;  
public:  
    void display()  
{  
        tot = (m1+m2+sm);  
        avg = tot/3;  
        cout<<"\nRoll No:"<<rno;  
        cout<<"\nTotal:"<<avg;  
    }  
};  
int main()
```

```
{  
    statement S;  
    S.getdata();  
    S.getsm();  
    S.display();  
    getch();  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
C:\c++\multipleinheritance.exe  
Enter the roll no:9  
Enter the two subjects marks:90  
80  
Enter the sports mark:88  
Roll No:9  
Total:86
```

Output of multiple inheritances

11) Program on hierarchical inheritance

```
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
class A //single base class  
{  
public:  
    int x,y;
```

```
void getdata()
{
    cout<<"\nEnter value of x and y:\n";
    cin>>x>>y;
}

};

class B: public A //B is derieved from class base

{

public:
void product()
{
    cout<<"\nproduct=" <<x*y;
}

};

class C: public A //C is also derieved from class base

{

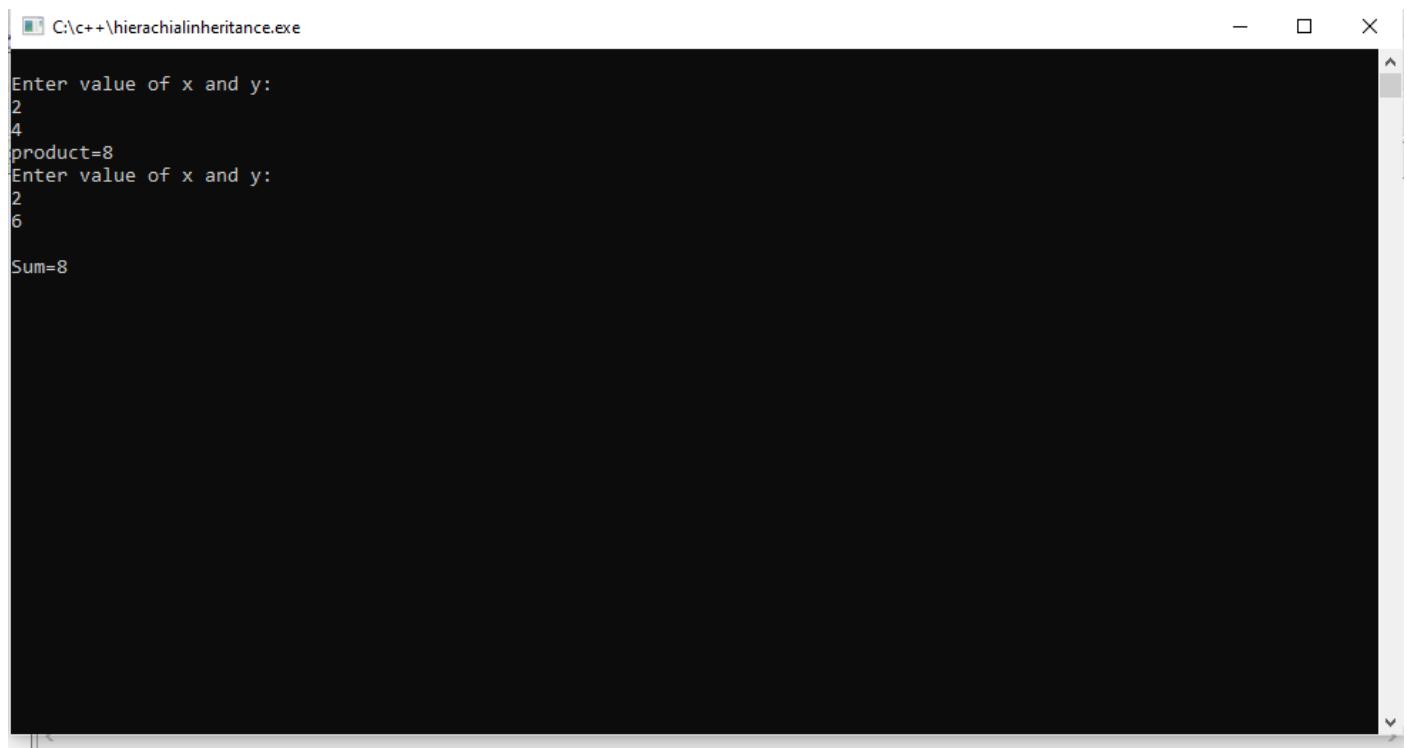
public:
void sum()
{
    cout<<"\nSum=" <<x+y;
}

};

int main()

{
    B obj1;      //object of derieved class B
    C obj2;      //object of derieved class C
    obj1.getdata();
```

```
    obj1.product();  
    obj2.getdata();  
    obj2.sum();  
    getch();  
    return 0;  
}
```



```
C:\c++\hierachialinheritance.exe  
Enter value of x and y:  
2  
4  
product=8  
Enter value of x and y:  
2  
6  
Sum=8
```

Output of hierarchical inheritance

12) Program on function overloading

```
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
class calculatingvolume  
{  
public:  
    int volume(int a) //for cube  
    {  
        return a*a*a;
```

```
}

int volume(int a, int b, int c) //for cubiod
{
    return a*b*c;
}

int volume (int r, int h) //for cylinder
{
    return 3.14*r*r*h;
}

};

int main()
{
    calculatingvolume c;
    cout<<"volume of the cube is:"<<endl;
    cout<<c.volume(10)<<endl;
    cout<<"volume of the cuboid is:"<<endl;
    cout<<c.volume(5,10,15)<<endl;
    cout<<"volume of the cylinder is:"<<endl;
    cout<<c.volume(10,15)<<endl;
    getch();
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\c++\functionoverloading.exe
volume of the cube is:
1000
volume of the cuboid is:
6000
volume of the cylinder is:
6280
```

Output of function overloading program

13) Program on exceptional handling

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>

int main()
{
    try
    {
        int age = 15;
        if (age > 18)
        {
            cout<<"Access granted - you are old enough.";
        }
        else
        {
            throw (age);
        }
    }
```

```

    }

}

catch (int myNum)

{
    cout<<"Access denied - you must be more than 18 years old.\n";
    cout<<"age is:"<<myNum;

}

getch();

return 0;

}

```

C:\c++\exceptionalhandling.exe

Access denied - you must be at least 18 years old.

age is:15

Output of exceptional handling

14) Program on Class Templates

```

include <iostream>
template<class T1, class T2>
class A
{
    T1 a;

```

```

T2 b;
public:
    A(T1 x,T2 y)
    {
        a = x;
        b = y;
    }
void display()
{
    cout << "Values of a and b are : " << a << "," << b << endl;
}
};

int main ()
{
    A<int,float> d(5,6.5);
    d.display();
    return 0;
}

```

15) Program on Virtual Functions

```

include<iostream.h>
Class base           //base class
{
Public :
Void display()      //display() is normal member function
{
    Cout<<"\n display base";
}
Virtual void show()   //show() is virtual member function
{
    Cout<<"\n show base";
}
};
Class derived : public base //derived class
{
Public :
    Void display()
    {
        Cout<<"\n display derived";
    }
}

```

```
Void show()
{
    Cout<<"\n show derived";
}
};

void main()
{
    Base b;           //base class object
    Derived d;        //derived class object
    Base *bptr;       //base pointer for base class
    Cout<<"\n bptr points to base \n";
    bptr=&b;          //storing base class object in to bptr
    bptr->display();
    bptr->show();
    Cout<<"\n \n bptr points to derived \n ";
    bptr=&d;          //storing derived class object in to bptr
    bptr-> display();
    bptr-> show();
}
```

Output:

```
bptr points to base
Display base
Show base
bptr points to derived
Display derived
Show base
```